

Matrix for Understanding Colonial Unrest

Directions: Your group will receive written and visual information about an event between 1763 and 1775 that led to increased tensions between the colonists and the British. For each event, quickly record what happened, the number of blocks you gave the event on your Colonial Unrest-O-Meter, and the reasons for your rating.

Student Handout 3.3A

Event	What Happened?	Unrest Rating	Rationale for Unrest Rating
Placard 3.3A Proclamation of 1763	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - British announced land west of the Appalachian Mtns. would be reserved for Native Americans - This proclamation followed the French & Indian War - Items illegal for colonists to bring in 		
Placard 3.3B Quartering Act 1765	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Required colonists to house & feed British soldiers without pay - Colonists had to provide fuel, candles, beer, & transportation for the troops - Colonists were angry because they were not allowed to control them 		
Placard 3.3C Stamp Act 1765	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Colonists had to pay a tax on printed materials - Colonists had to purchase a stamp to place on printed goods to show they had paid the tax - The colonists were angry about being taxed without representation in England. 		
Placard 3.3D Townshend Act 1767	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tax on glass, lead, paper, & tea - Collected at sea ports before items reached colonial stores - Tax included in the price called an "indirect tax" 		

Colonists
boy cotted British goods

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Placard 3.3E Boston Massacre 1770	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - March 5, 1770 - Colonists were harassing British troops - British troops opened fire on the colonists - 5 colonists were killed - The British soldiers were put on trial for murder & found not guilty 		
Placard 3.3F Boston Tea Party 1773	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1773 - Tea Act passed - Colonists could only buy tea from the British East India Company - Sons of Liberty were angry about the tea act & organized a protest - Dressed up as Native Americans, they boarded ships & threw tea into the harbor - Coercive Acts = Intolerable Acts - Closed the port of Boston - Imposed military rule in Massachusetts - British response to Boston Tea Party crackdown on colonists' rights 		
Placard 3.3G Intolerable Acts 1774	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Representatives from 12 of the 13 colonies met in Philadelphia - Included: Samuel Adams, John Adams, George Washington, Patrick Henry - Wrote the Declaration of Rights & Appeals to the King - Called for a boycott of all British goods 		
Placard 3.3H First Continental Congress 1774	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - April 19, 1775 - 100 British soldiers vs. 70 colonial militia - British went to Lexington to collect weapons - Paul Revere & William Dawes warned colonists - 8 colonists killed - Start of the Revolution's "Shot Heard Round the World" 		
Placard 3.3I Lexington and Concord 1775			